

Improving Health & Building Community through Centering Groups



The Why?

- Maternal mortality continues to rise
- Black mothers and birthing individuals experience worse outcomes during pregnancy compared to others
- Black and Brown birthing individuals are more likely to experience maternal morbidity and mortality
- Preterm birth rates are worsening



The mission of Centering Healthcare Institute is to improve health, transform care, and disrupt inequitable systems through the Centering group model.



What is Centering®? CENTERING IS A HEALTHCARE VISIT, BUT

- → An evidence-based, patient-centered framework for providing healthcare in a group format
- → Clinical intervention implemented by healthcare providers that uses the healthcare visit as the touchpoint for engaging patients in their own care and connecting them to other patients and support services
- → Replaces individual appointments with group appointments, however individual appointments can always be used to supplement group appointments
- → Defined by a standard set of guiding principles referred to as the Essential Elements of Centering and adheres to quality and practice standards established by Centering Healthcare Institute

Core Components of Centering®

HEALTH ASSESSMENT

Patients have one-to-one assessment time with their provider during each visit and learn to take their own vital signs which empowers them to participate in their own care.



INTERACTIVE LEARNING

Engaging activities
and facilitated discussions
help patients become
more informed and confident
in making healthy choices
for themselves and
their families.

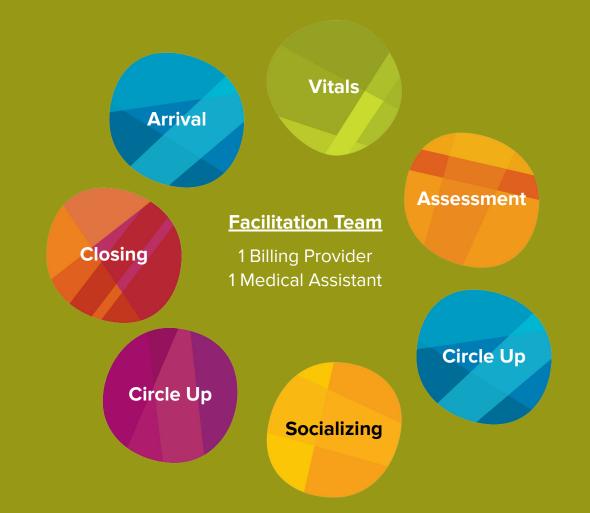


COMMUNITY BUILDING

Patients find comfort in knowing they are not alone. Group visits lessen feelings of social isolation and stress while building friendships, community, and lasting support systems.











CenteringPregnancy®

- → Groups of 8-12 women with similar due dates
- → 10 visits beginning in their second trimester
 - Sessions 1-4 are 4 weeks apart (beginning around 16 weeks) and sessions 5-10 are 2 weeks apart (beginning around 30 weeks)
- → Visits and curriculum follow ACOG/ACNM practice guidelines

Curriculum ensure that everything from nutrition, common discomforts, stress management, labor & delivery, breastfeeding and infant care are covered in depth

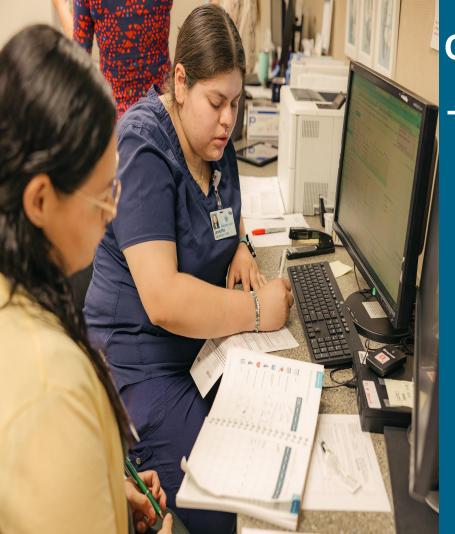




CenteringParenting®

- → Groups of 6-8 same-age babies and their parents/caregivers
- → 9 well-child visits, zero through age 2
 Visit schedule: 1 month, 2 months, 4 months, 6
 months, 9 months, 12 months, 15 months, 18
 months, 24 months
- → CenteringParenting Goals:
 Increased safe sleep practices
 Extended breastfeeding
 Increased rates of current immunizations
 More developmental screenings conducted
 More access to oral health services





CenteringHealthcare®

→ Framework to deliver Centering group care across multiple health conditions and patient populations

Examples: Diabetes, Weight Loss/Obesity, Chronic Pain, HIV+, Cancer Survivorship, Healthy Lifestyle groups (smoking cessation, stress management, nutrition and sleep)



THERE IS ONGOING EVALUATION

HEALTH ASSESSMENT HAPPENS IN THE GROUP SPACE

PATIENTS ENGAGE IN SELF-CARE ACTIVITIES

GROUP SIZE
IS OPTIMAL FOR
INTERACTION

Centering[®]
Essential
Elements

GROUPS ARE
FACILITATED TO BE
INTERACTIVE

GROUP MEMBERS, INCLUDING FACILITATORS AND SUPPORT PEOPLE, ARE CONSISTENT

EACH SESSION HAS A PLAN, BUT EMPHASIS MAY VARY

GROUPS ARE CONDUCTED IN A CIRCLE

THERE IS TIME FOR SOCIALIZING



The Evidence for Centering



Preterm Birth (PTB) Risk Reduction



-33%

A multi-site randomized control study of 1,047 women found a 33% reduction in risk of preterm births in Centering patients compared to those receiving only individualized prenatal care. The reduction among African Americans was even higher at 41%.

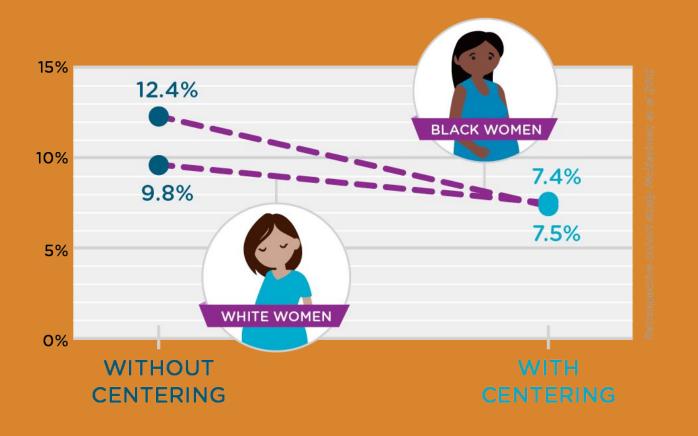
Matched cohort study *Ickovics, et al* **-47%**

A retrospective cohort study compared 316 women in Centering to 3,767 in traditional care and found a 47% reduction in risk of preterm birth in Centering patients compared to those receiving only individualized care.

Retrospective cohort study Picklesimer, et al



Preterm Birth <37 Weeks by Race





Centering® Results in Medicaid Savings with Better Outcomes



36%
REDUCTION
IN RISK OF
PRETERM BIRTH



44%
REDUCTION IN
RISK OF LOW
BIRTH WEIGHT



28%
REDUCTION
IN RISK OF
NICU STAY

25 PATIENTS in Centering® eliminates one preterm birth

\$22,667

22 PATIENTS in Centering® eliminates one low birth weight baby

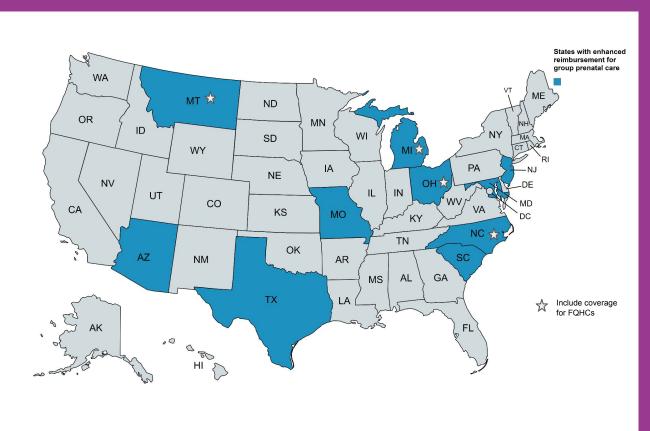
\$29,627

30 PATIENTS in Centering® eliminates one NICU visit

\$27,250



Sustaining Centering Pregnancy



Enhanced Reimbursement Rates

(Per patient per visit unless otherwise noted)

Arizona: \$45

Maryland: \$50

Michigan: \$45

Missouri: \$40

Montana: \$30

New Jersey: \$7

North Carolina: \$250 on or after the fifth visit (one-time)

♦ Ohio: \$45

South Carolina: \$30

Texas: \$42.47



Billing and Policy Pathway

Increasing Access to CenteringPregnancy for Birthing Individuals

- Grants or discretionary funding to pilot or scale up group prenatal care programs, enhanced Medicaid reimbursement rates, and APMs
- Changes to legislation, submission of SPA, waiver request to CMS
- Recognize group prenatal care as an effective strategy and list CenteringPregnancy as a resource



Administrative Pathway:

- Typically faster and more flexible.
- Focused on adjustments within existing laws and regulations.
- Driven by government agencies and executive branch actions.
- Suitable for program adjustments, waivers, and regulatory changes.

Legislative Pathway:

- Involves formal lawmaking, with the potential for more comprehensive and permanent policy changes.
- Requires passing a bill through state legislatures or Congress.
- Can be more time-consuming but results in broad, binding policies.
- Requires extensive advocacy and political support.



Advocating for Group Prenatal Care in Michigan

Amy Zaagman **Executive Director** azaagman@mcmch.orc





Maternal Established in 1983, the purpose of MCMCH is to influence public policy that will improve maternal and child health outcomes, and to collaborate with other organizations to promote comprehensive maternal, child, and family health and wellbeina.

Climate ripe for change and collaboration to improve outcomes



Much greater awareness of need to focus on maternal health



Ongoing state commitment - Snyder and Whitmer administrations



Appropriations - targeted investments with over \$100m in last four years



Importance of hearing and honoring voices of those most impacted, amplified by community organizations



Partnership and collaboration at national, state and local level



Healthy Moms, Healthy Babies

- Whitmer administration has made significant budget proposals
- Legislature has appropriated close to \$100m in new spending to support maternal and infant health in last four years:
 - Medicaid extension to 12 months postpartum
 - Increasing state funding for home visiting
 - Perinatal psychiatric consultation services (in addition to peds)
 - Doulas Medicaid reimbursement, advisory committee, scholarships
 - Hospital-based quality initiatives (AIM and LoMC)
 - Perinatal Quality Collaborative including regional
 - Support for CenteringPregnancy sites to become accredited and for media to share the opportunity
 - Medicaid reimbursement for CenteringPregnancy

CenteringPregnancy in Michigan

- Michigan has had CenteringPregnancy programs for many years.
 Fiduciaries and their sites have struggled with sustainability.
- In 2021 we had 14 active sites, many affiliated with hospital systems or FOHCs.
- Only one Medicaid health plan was paying an uplift payment to a CenteringPregnancy site.

CenteringPregnancy in Michigan

BIRTH EQUITY EDUCATION PROJECT

REIMAGINING PERINATAL CARE



MARCH 2021

PREPARED AND PRESENTED BY: MICHIGAN COUNCIL FOR MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

Perinatal health refers to issues affecting women before (prenatal), during and after childbirth (postpartum).



HEALTHY BIRTHS

AN EQUITY PLAN FOR MICHIGAN **FAMILIES &** COMMUNITIES

- Intentional efforts to focus advocacy on strategies with evidence to reduce racial disparities in outcomes.
 - MCMCH Equity Education Project
 - State of Michigan Advancing Health Births plan
- These efforts highlighted CenteringPregnancy as the primary group-based care model with evidence of effectiveness

Support Michigan's

Healthy Moms, Healthy Babies initiative

MI AIM



- · MI AIM is a maternal health quality improvement collaborative focused on decreasing maternal morbidity, preventable mortality, and health disparities
- Michigan birthing hospitals are implementing patient safety bundles -- an evidence-based set of guidelines offering clinical and non-clincial staff resources to address obstetric hemorrhage, severe hypertension and sepsis
- \$10M will support hospital implementation and ensure equity in car





Perinatal Quality Collaborative

- . Expands and improves access to care/support through pregnancy and postpartum period
- · Brings together professionals along the continuum and community partners
- · Michigan's approach uses regional data to drive specific strategies
- · \$10M will support the development of the Perinatal Quality Collaborativ





CenteringPregnancy

- . Improves birth outcomes including lowering risk of preterm birth, reducing the incidence of low birth weight babies, and increasing breastfeeding rates
- Healthcare in a group setting allows for families to have greate engagement, learning, and self confidence
- \$10M will support new and existing site infrastructure and develop



Expanding Eligibility



- . Removing the five-year waiting period for Medicaid eligibility for children and pregnant women will ensure continuity of care and access to the full array of services
- PlanFirst is important access to family services and reproductive health screenings for those between 138-195% of the federal poverty level
- \$7.4M general fund will be matched with federal funds to total \$38.3M



Maternal 106 W. Allegan St., Suite 610

CenteringPregnancy in Michigan

- FY '23-'24 state budget appropriated \$5m in state general funds for CenteringPregnancy grants and included boilerplate language directing our state DHHS to develop Medicaid reimbursement.
- Grants were used to help existing sites become accredited, new sites to start-up and fund awareness.
- Effective October 1, 2024 Michigan Medicaid covers CenteringPregnancy with an enhanced reimbursement per patient per visit policy link

CenteringPregnancy in

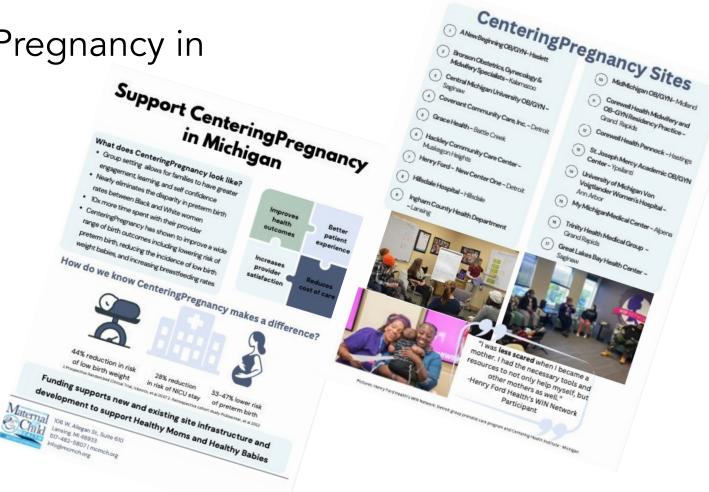
Michigan

FY '24-'25 state budget includes \$5m in state GF: \$2.5 m for start-up grants and \$2.5m for Medicaid match.

Currently we have sites in every corner of the state and great momentum to add additional sites.

(and 3 CenteringParenting sites)

Awaiting bill introduction on legislation to also require private insurance reimbursement.





CPT CODES

as provided by Ohio Dept. of Medicaid (ODM) 12/15/2021

99078 TH

GROUP HEALTH EDUCATION

May be performed by other qualified medical professionals (e.g. registered nurse) but must be automitted using the supervising practitioner's National Provider Identifier

99211, 99212, 99213 TH OFFICE/OUTPATIENT VISIT

Must be submitted on the same claim for the same date of service as 99078 and be performed by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse

Federally Qualified Health Centers/ Rural Health Clinics should submit claims to ODM using their ambulatory health care clinic provider number (provider type 50)





CHISCALED
CENTERING TO MEARLY
600 HEALTHCARE
PRACTICES SERVING
60,000 FAMILIES
NATIONWIDE





BISIC OF LOW







BIRTH WEIGHT NICU STAY BIS



90% 97% OF CENTERING PATENT

IN BISK OF



GROUP PARTICIPANTS BREASTFEED AT DISCHARGE VS. OHIO'S AVERAGE OF 74.6%

> For more information contact ohio@centeringhealthcare.org

BATISFACTION

Partnering with CHI, state agency and others

- CHI provided resources to demonstrate the model and show how other states already support CP. They stepped in quickly to answer questions and were ready to partner with state agencies on implementation.
- State public health agency in charge of the grants has shared information through every possible network and prioritized making sure appropriations are spent.
- Philanthropy and insurers have also taken note and are coordinating their investments with the state dollars for maximum impact.

How can we partner?

- Contact us for a more detailed presentation to your organization.
- Share with your OB network providers that CenteringPregnancy is evidence based group prenatal care model.
- Help us share this information out to your members.
- Collaborate with us to meet Medicaid RFPs goals.
- Provide grant funds to establish CenteringPregnancy in high need areas.
- Increase utilization of the enhanced reimbursement group prenatal care benefit.
- Collaborate with us to share YOUR maternal health resources to our Centering sites and patients.



Questions?



Chiquita Brake, RHIT, CPC
Billing and Coding Manager
(Policy)
cbrake@centeringhealthcare.org



Qiana Cressman
Chief Development Officer
qcressman@centeringhealthcare.org



Disha Patel, MPH
Senior Policy Analyst
dpatel@centeringhealthcare.org

